

### **Chapter 9 Section 3 Renaissance Period**

**In the late Middle Ages, Europe began to wake up**

**Education, arts and sciences were being studied or practiced again**

**This Period is known as the **Renaissance** or "rebirth"**

**During the Renaissance inventions, books and great pieces of art were created**

**Many famous names came from the Renaissance**

## **Protestant Reformation**

**Protestant Reformation was the "protest" against the Catholic Church**

**Why???????????**

**The Church was becoming very corrupt**

**Priest were selling indulgences for money**

**Indulgence- is a pardon for a persons sin**

**The Group that protested the Church were called  
**Protestants****

## Leaders of the Protestant Reformation

### **Martin Luther**

**Banished from Catholic church  
for his criticism**

**Create the 95 Theses and nailed  
them to Wittenberg Church**



### **John Calvin**

**Create a group called the  
Puritains**

**Puritains wanted religious  
freedom and eventually would  
travel to America**



## The Age of Exploration



## Age of Exploration

**Age of Exploration was the determination to find new trading routes to Asia and other parts of the world**

**Why?????**

**Silk  
Spices  
Cotton**



## The Famous Silk Road

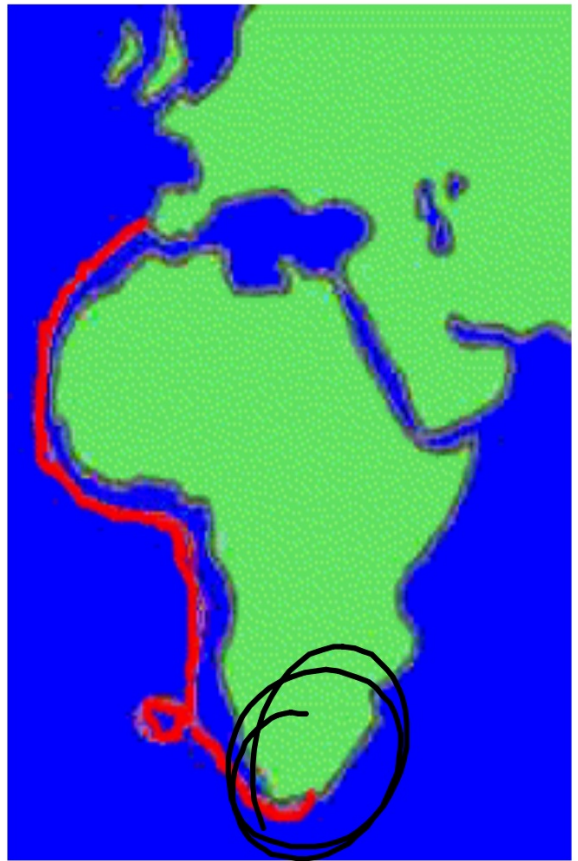


## Famous Figures during the Age of Exploration

### **Bartholomeu Dias**

**Portuguese sailor that sail  
to the South Tip of Africa**

**Called the Cape of Good  
Hope**



## Vasco de Gama

**A Fellow Portugese sailor  
that would follow  
Bartholomeu Dias route**

**Vasco de Gama would  
make it to India**



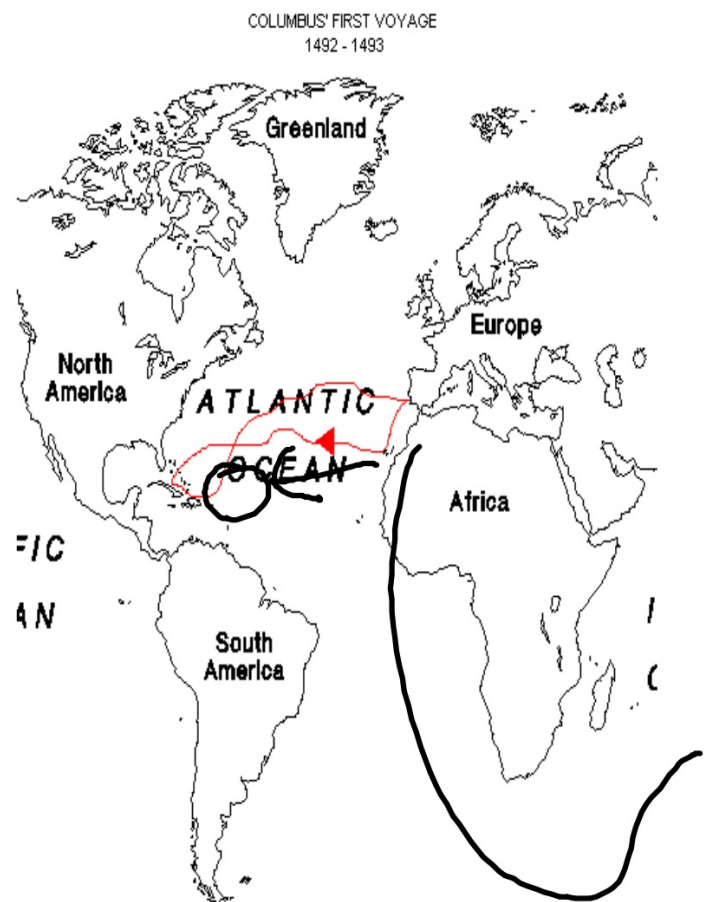
## Christopher Columbus

He was an Italian looking for someone to fund a trip across the Atlantic Ocean

King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella of Spain would fund the trip

Columbus was interested in Gold

The King and Queen wanted to find another route to Asia





**Nina**



**Pinta**



**Santa Maria**



## **Mr. Columbus, your a nasty and naughty Man**

**When Columbus landed in Hispainola  
he ordered the inhabitants to mine  
gold**

**Everyone over the age of 14 was  
expected to produce a quota of gold**

**If the quota was not met every three  
months, the persons hands were cut  
off**

**Some people were sold as slaves**

**The population decreased  
expotentially**



## **Effects of the Age of Exploration**

### **Positives**

**Goods and Ideas were introduced to new parts of the World (Known as the Columbian Exchange)**

### **Negatives**

**Spread of diseases**

**-Small pox**

**-Measles**

**Start of the Slave Trade in Africa**

## The Columbian Exchange



## **Johannes Gutenberg and the Printing Press**

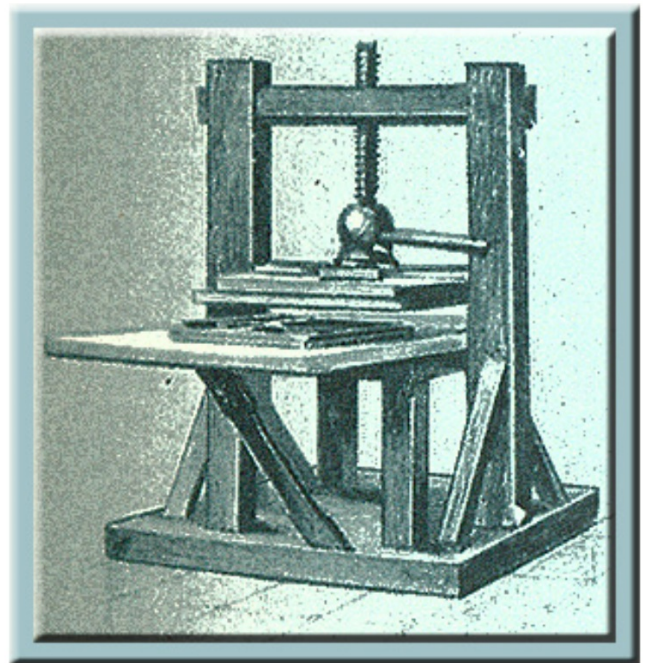
**The Chinese invented the printing process**

**By Johannes Gutenberg enhanced it**

**Guttenbergs printing press had movable type**

**Movable print allows to change individual numbers and letters**

**This made it easier to print books and documents**



## **Renaissance Writers**

**Renaissance writings wrote books in everyday language to get people interested in reading**

**Books were usually written in Latin or French, only educated people knew how to read and speak this language**

### **Famous Renaissance Authors**

**Geoffrey Chaucer- *Canterbury Tales***

**William Shakespeare- *Romeo and Juliet***

## **Famous Renaissance Artist**

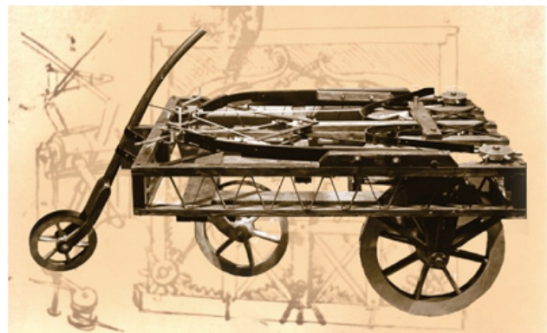
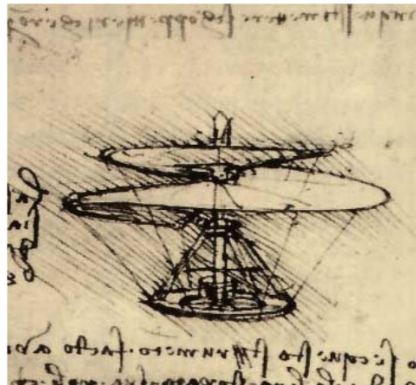
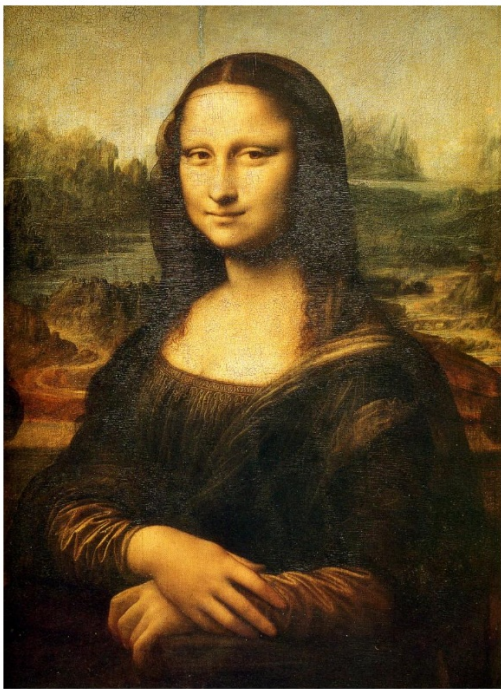
**Michelangelo Buonarroti**

**Know for painting the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel  
in Rome**



## Leonardo da Vinci

**-Known for the painting of the Mona Lisa and several inventions or sketchings**



## **Revolutions**

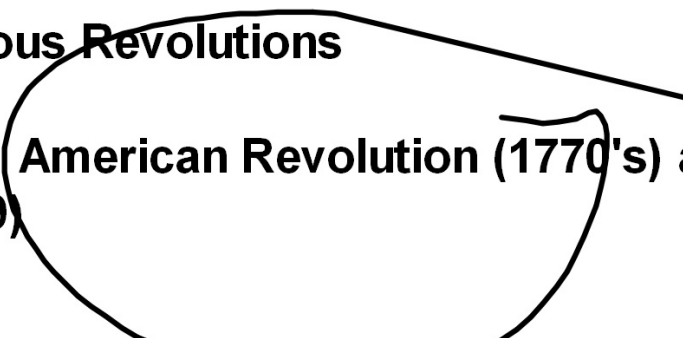
**Revolution-**

**Revolt against Divine Right of Kings**

**Divine right of Kings-**

**Famous Revolutions**

**(1789) American Revolution (1770's) and French Revolution**

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